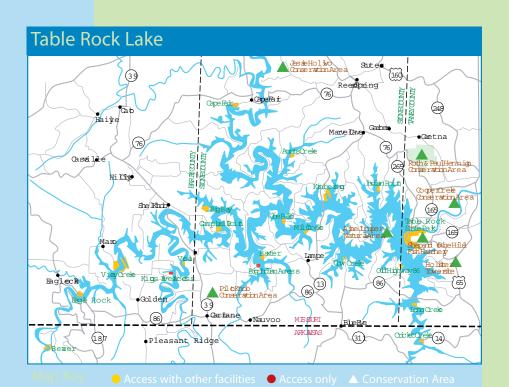


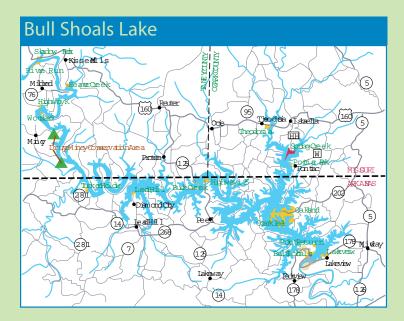
The White River system reservoirs of Table Rock, Bull

Shoals and Norfork are nationally known for their high-quality fishing and incomparable beauty. The location of these lakes on the Missouri-Arkansas state line, however, has caused confusion among anglers about fishing regulations and permits.

Since March 1, 2001, Missouri residents age 16 years and older who fish the Arkansas portions of Table Rock, Bull Shoals or Norfork lakes no longer are required to purchase a nonresident Arkansas fishing license. Thanks to an agreement between the Missouri Department of Conservation and the Arkansas Game and Fish Commission, residents of Missouri and Arkansas who possess a valid resident fishing permit from their respective states may also purchase a \$10 White River Border Lakes Permit each year. The permit allows anglers to fish all three lakes in their entirety, saving them more than \$20 each year.

Missouri anglers age 65 years and older who possess a valid Missouri driver's license only need to purchase the White River Border Lakes Permit. This permit is available at all Missouri and Arkansas permit vendor locations.





The regular, nonresident Missouri fishing permit continues to be valid on all Missouri waters, including the three White River system border lakes. Likewise, Missouri residents who fish other Arkansas waters, such as the Beaver or Bull Shoals tailwaters, Greers Ferry or Beaver lakes, are still required to purchase a nonresident Arkansas fishing license.

Both states have taken steps to standardize fishing regulations on the border lakes as well. Some regulations may never be identical, but most regulations regarding popular game fish have been standardized to reduce confusion among anglers. Whether fishing from shore or boat, anglers at Bull Shoals, Table Rock and Norfork lakes are still responsible for observing the regulations of the state in which they are fishing, as some regulations are still different.

